# D.5 RESTRAINT SETUP

This section describes the procedure to be followed for installing the dummy in the child restraint system and for installing the child restraint system on the standard seat for dynamic impact testing.

# RESTRAINT INSTALLATION

Activate the built-in child restraint or attach the add-on child restraint to the seat assembly as described below:

# **TEST CONFIGURATION I**

In the case of each add-on child restraint system other than a belt-positioning seat, a child harness, a backless child restraint system with a top anchorage strap, or a restraint designed for use by physically handicapped children, install the add-on child restraint system at the center seating position of the standard seat assembly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions provided with the system, except that the child restraint is secured to the standard seat assembly using only a Type I lap belt.

A child harness, a backless child restraint system with a top anchorage strap, or a restraint designed for use by physically handicapped children shall be installed at the center seating position of the standard seat assembly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions provided with the system.

An add-on belt-positioning seat shall be installed at either outboard seating position of the standard seat assembly in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions provided with the system, except that it is secured to the standard seat assembly using only a Type II lap and shoulder belt.

For add-on belt-positioning seats the standard seat assembly seat back shall be fixed in place by any suitable means that prevents movement of the seat back during the dynamic test.

In the case of each built-in child restraint system, activate the restraint in the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions provided.

# TEST CONFIGURATION II

In the case of each add-on child restraint system which is equipped with a fixed or movable surface or a backless child restraint system with a top anchorage strap, install the add-on child restraint system at the center seating position of the standard seat assembly using only the Type I lap belt to secure the system to the standard seat assembly.

In the case of each built-in child restraint system, which is equipped with a fixed or movable surface or a built-in booster seat with a top anchorage strap, activate the system in the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions provided.

### D.5.1 RESTRAINTS OTHER THAN CAR BEDS

NEWBORN DUMMY AND NINE-MONTH-OLD DUMMY (S213, S10.2.1)

Position the test dummy according to the instruction for child positioning that the manufacturer provided with the system.

Prior to placing the nine-month-old test dummy in the child restraint system, place the dummy in the supine position on a horizontal surface. While placing a hand on the center of the torso to prevent movement of the dummy torso, rotate the dummy legs upward by lifting the feet 90 degrees. Slowly release the legs but do not return them to the flat surface.

When testing forward-facing child restraint systems, holding the nine-month-old test dummy torso upright until it contacts the system's design seating surface, place the nine-month-old test dummy in the seated position within the system with the midsagittal plane of the dummy head:

- (1) Coincident with the center SORL of the standard seating assembly, in the case of the add-on child restraint system, or
- (2) Vertical and parallel to the longitudinal centerline of the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle, in the case of a built-in child restraint system.

When testing rear-facing child restraint system, place the newborn or nine-month-old dummy in the child restraint system so that the back of the dummy torso contacts the back support surface of the system. For a child restraint system, which is equipped with a fixed or movable surface, which is being tested under the conditions of test configuration II, do not attach any of the child restraint belts unless they are an integral part of the fixed or movable surface. For all other child restraint systems and for a child restraint system with a fixed or

movable surface, which is being tested under the conditions of Test Configuration I, attach all appropriate child restraint belts and tighten them as specified in S6.1.2. Attach all appropriate vehicle belts and tighten them as specified in S6.1.2. Position each movable surface in accordance with the instruction that the manufacturer provided. If the dummy's head does not remain in the proper position, it shall be taped against the front of the seat back surface of the system by means of a single thickness of 6 mm (1/4 inch) wide paper masking tape placed across the center of the dummy's face.

When testing forward-facing child restraint systems, extend the arms of the nine-month-old test dummy as far as possible in the upward vertical direction. Extend the legs of the nine-month-old dummy as far as possible in the forward horizontal direction, with the dummy feet perpendicular to the centerline of the lower legs. Using a flat surface with an area of 2580 square mm (4 square in), apply a force of 178 N (40 lbs), perpendicular to:

- (1) The plane of the back of the standard seat assembly, in the case of an add-on system, or
- (2) The back of the vehicle seat in the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle, in the case of a built-in system.

Apply the force first against the dummy crotch and then at the dummy thorax in the midsagittal plane of the dummy.

For a child restraint system with a fixed or movable surface, which is being tested under the conditions of test configuration II, do not attach any of the child restraint belts unless they are an integral part of the fixed or movable surface.

For all other child restraint systems and for a child restraint system with a fixed or movable surface, which is being, tested under the conditions of test configuration I, attach all appropriate child restraint belts and tighten them as specified in S6.1.2. Attach all appropriate vehicle belts and tighten them as specified in S6.1.2. Position each movable surface in accordance with the instructions that the manufacturer provided.

When testing rear-facing child restraints, position the newborn and nine-monthold dummy arms and legs vertically upwards and then rotate each arm and leg downward toward the dummy's lower body until the arm contacts a surface of the child restraint system or the standard seat assembly in the case of an addon child restraint system, or the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle, in the case of a built-in child restraint system. Ensure that no arm is restrained from movement in other than the downward direction, by any part of the system or the belts used to anchor the system to the standard seat assembly, the specific shell, or the specific vehicle.

THREE-YEAR-OLD AND SIX-YEAR-OLD DUMMY (S213, S10.2.2)

Position the test dummy according to the instructions for child positioning that the restraint manufacturer provided with the system, while conforming to the following:

- (1) Holding the test dummy torso upright until it contacts the system's design seating surface, place the test dummy in the seated position within the system with the midsagittal plane of the test dummy head—
  - (A) Coincident with the center SORL of the standard seating assembly, in the case of the add-on child restraint system, or
  - (B) Vertical and parallel to the longitudinal centerline of the specific vehicle, in the case of a built-in child restraint system.
- (2) Extend the arms of the test dummy as far as possible in the upward vertical direction. Extend the legs of the dummy as far as possible in the forward horizontal direction, with the dummy feet perpendicular to the centerline of the lower legs.
- (3) Using a flat square surface with an area of 2580 square millimeters (4 square inches), apply a force of 178 N (40 lbs), perpendicular to:
  - (A) The plane of the back of the standard seat assembly, in the case of an add-on system, or
  - (B) The back of the vehicle seat in the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle, in the case of a built-in system, first against the dummy crotch and then at the dummy thorax in the midsagittal plane of the dummy. For a child restraint system with a fixed or movable surface, which is being tested under the conditions of test configuration II, do not attach any of the child restraint belts unless they are an integral part of the fixed or movable surface. For all other child restraint systems and for a child restraint system with a fixed or movable surface, which is being, tested under the conditions of test configuration I, attach all appropriate child restraint belts and tighten them as specified in S6.1.2. Attach all appropriate vehicle belts and tighten them as specified in S6.1.2. Position each movable surface in accordance with the instructions that the manufacturer provided.

# D.5.2 CAR BEDS (S213, S10.1)

Place the test dummy in the car bed in the supine position with its midsagittal plane perpendicular to the center SORL of the standard seat assembly, in the case of an add-on car bed, or perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle, in the case of a built-in car bed. Position the dummy within the car bed in accordance with the instructions for child position that the bed manufacturer provided with the bed.

### D.5.3 BELT TENSION

# CHILD RESTRAINT PELVIC AND SHOULDER BELTS (S213, S6.1.2)

Place the appropriate size dummy in the child restraint for testing. Tighten the child restraint belts until a 9 N (2 lbs.) force applied to the webbing at the top of each dummy shoulder and to the pelvic webbing 50 mm (2 inches) on either side of the torso midsagittal plane pulls the webbing 7 mm (1/3 inch) from the dummy.

Use the webbing tension pull device shown in Figure 19 or an aluminum rod of sufficient diameter to perform this evaluation. Measure the height of the shoulder slots used, relative to the appropriate dummy shoulder height. In addition, measure the height of the top of the buckle assembly or shield relative to the  $C_G$  point of the appropriate size dummy used for each test. Record this data in the laboratory raw data notebook.

# CHILD RESTRAINT ATTACHMENT BELTS (S213, S6.1.2)

Tighten all belts used to restrain an add-on child restraint system to the standard seat assembly or built-in restraint after installation of the appropriate size dummy. It is recommended that a belt-tensioning gage be used to apply the initial tension. For all Type I and the lap portion of Type II belt systems, apply the initial tension at the junction of the seat back and seat bottom on the standard seat assembly. For the shoulder portion of all Type II belt systems, apply the initial tension at a point close to the D-ring between the belt anchorage and the D-ring. For any provided additional anchorage belt systems, apply the initial tension at the closest point to the child restraint system that permits installation of the gage on the belt system. After the initial tension is applied, a load cell system shall be used to monitor the tension. The load cells shall be positioned on the belt system close to the back of the standard seat assembly, between the belt anchorage and the standard seat assembly.

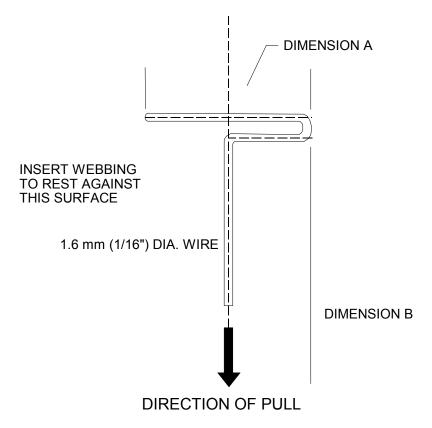
Tighten all Type I belt systems and any provided additional anchorage belt (tether), that are used to attach an add-on child restraint to the standard seat assembly to a tension of not less than 53.5 N (12 lbs.) and not more than 67 N (15 lbs.), as measured by a load cell used on the webbing portion of the belt.

Tighten the lap portion of Type II belt systems used to attach an add-on child restraint to the standard seat assembly to a tension of not less than 53.5 N (12 lbs.) and not more than 67 N (15 lbs.), as measured by a load cell used on the webbing portion of the belt.

Tighten the shoulder portion of Type II belt system used to directly restrain the dummy in add-on and built-in child restraint systems to a tension of not less than 9 N (2 lbs.) and not more than 18 N (4 lbs.), as measured by a load cell used on the webbing portion of the belt.

**NOTE:** There are no tension requirements for an Emergency Locking Retractor system on a built-in restraint system.

# WEBBING TENSION PULL DEVICE



MENSION A - WIDTH OF WEBBING PLUS 3 mm (1/8") IMENSION B - 1/2 OF DIMENSION A

# FIGURE 19

# D.5.4 RESTRAINT TARGETING

Rear-facing restraints, depending on their design, require the use of targets visible to the high-speed movie camera to allow determination of compliance with occupant excursion and back support angle requirements. A target identifying the forward-most and top-most point on the restraint is necessary if that point is not visible from the side.

If a surface parallel to the back support surface is not externally visible, targets identifying that surface may be necessary for determining its maximum deviation from vertical. An alternate method for defining the seat back plane is to determine the angular relationship between an externally visible surface and the actual back support surface prior to the Dynamic Impact Test.

If the back support surface is curved, a target is necessary that identifies the top of the dummy's shoulder, defined in this procedure, on the surface to be observed. The angle determination will then be made using a tangent to the surface at the "shoulder height" point.

Do not modify the restraint in any manner that will affect its structure or performance to achieve the targeting requirement. The use of adhesive-backed paper or fabric photographic targets is recommended for this application.

# D.5.5 PREIMPACT BUCKLE RELEASE TEST (S213, S5.4.3.5, S6.2)

Before conducting the dynamic testing of either the built-in or add-on child restraint system, remove the buckle from the restraint system and place on a hard, flat horizontal surface. Each belt end of the buckle shall be pre-loaded in the following manner. The anchor end of the buckle shall be loaded with a 9 N (2 lbs.) force in the direction away from the buckle. In the case of buckles designed to secure a single latch plate, the belt latch plate end of the buckle shall be pre-loaded with a 9 N (2 lbs.) force in the direction away from the buckle. In the case of buckles designed to secure two or more latch plates, the belt latch plate ends of the buckle shall be loaded equally so that the total load is 9 N (2 lbs.), in the direction away from the buckle. For pushbutton-release buckles, the release force shall be applied by a conical surface (cone angle not exceeding 90 degrees). For pushbutton-release mechanisms with a fixed edge (referred to in Figure 20 as "hinged button"), the release force shall be applied at the centerline of the button, 3mm away from the movable edge directly opposite the fixed edge, and in the direction that produces maximum releasing effect. For pushbutton-release mechanisms with no fixed edge (referred to in Figure 20 as "floating button"), the release force shall be applied at the center of the release mechanism in the direction that produces the maximum releasing effect. For all other buckle release mechanisms, the force shall be applied on the centerline of the buckle lever or finger tab in the direction that produces the maximum releasing effect. Measure the force required to release the buckle. Figure 20 illustrates the loading for the different buckles and the point where the release force should be applied, and Figure 22 illustrates the conical surface used to apply the release force to pushbutton-release buckles.

For child restraint systems that have buckles integral to the seat, the entire seat may be placed on its back on a flat surface with the 9 N (2 lbs.) force applied to the belts away from the buckle as described above, and the release force of the buckle determined with the appropriate release gauge. For buckle assemblies that are attached to a crotch belt where the crotch belt cannot be removed, the buckle assembly can be hand held while the test gauge release force is applied. Place the restraint on its back, following the procedure above keep the buckle assembly in the orientation described and apply the force sufficient to release the buckle. Record the results in the appropriate data sheets.

# D.6 IMPACT TEST (S213, S6.1.2.5)

Photograph the restraint setup to document the final pretest configuration. Include this documentation with the appropriate Data Sheet.

Before conducting the Dynamic Impact Test, ensure that:

- (1) The restraint system and dummy are properly installed on the standard seat, and all belts are adjusted and tensioned as required.
- (2) Restraint and dummy targeting required to measure performance are properly installed.
- (3) All required calibrations of instrumentation, transducers, and high-speed movie/video camera field are completed and recorded.
- (4) All parameters relating to the required impact severity and velocity have been correctly set.
- (5) The environmental requirements are met.

When all pretest requirements are met, conduct the Dynamic Impact Test.

Immediately after the Dynamic Impact Test, photograph the restraint and dummy in their final posttest positions and configurations on the standard seat or vehicle. Include this documentation with the appropriate Data Sheet. Provide, in addition, a plot of the sled/vehicle acceleration-time history for the test, showing its relationship to the acceleration-function envelope. Indicate on the appropriate Data Sheet the actual sled/vehicle velocity change for the test and the cumulative velocity change associated with acceleration deviations below the acceleration-function envelope. In the event of a noncompliance, a posttest calibration check of critically sensitive test equipment and instrumentation shall be required at the discretion of the COTR.

# PREIMPACT BUCKLE RELEASE FORCE TEST SETUP

# **BUCKLE PRELOAD**

# SINGLE LATCH PLATE DOUBLE LATCH PLATE 1 0.91 kg (2 lb) CENTERLINE 0.91 kg (2 lb) 0.45 kg (1 lb) 0.45 kg (1 lb)

# RELEASE FORCE APPLICATION POSITION — PUSH BUTTON MECHANISMS

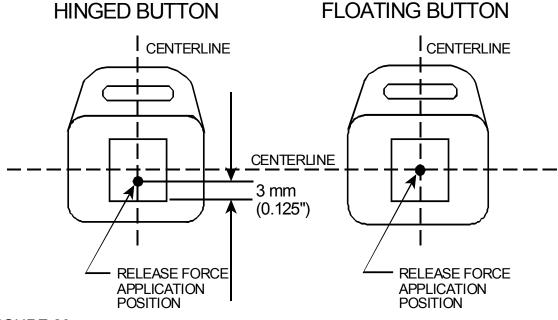


FIGURE 20

- D.7 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS (S213, S5.1)
- D.7.1 POST IMPACT BUCKLE RELEASE TEST (S213, S5.4.3.5, S6.2)

After completion of the testing specified in S6.1 and before the buckle is unlatched, tie a self-adjusting sling to each wrist and ankle of the test dummy in the manner illustrated in Figure 21 without disturbing the belt dummy and the child restraint system.

Pull the sling tied to the dummy restrained in the child restraint system and apply a force whose magnitude is: 50 N (11 lbs.) for a system tested with a newborn dummy; 90 N (20 lbs.) for a system tested with a nine-month-old dummy; 200 N (45 lbs.) for a system tested with a three-year-old dummy; or 270 N (61 lbs.) for a system tested with a six-year-old dummy. The force is applied in the manner illustrated in Figure 21 and as follows:

- (A) Add-on Child Restraints. For an add-on child restraint other than a car bed, apply the specified force by pulling the sling horizontally and parallel to the SORL of the standard seat assembly. For a car bed, apply the force by pulling the sling vertically.
- (B) Built-in child Restraints. For a built-in child restraint other than a car bed, apply the force by pulling the sling parallel to the longitudinal centerline of the specific vehicle shell or the specific vehicle. In the case of a car bed, apply the force by pulling the sling vertically.

While applying the force specified and using the device shown in Figure 22 for pushbutton-release buckles, apply the release force in the manner and location specified in S6.2.1, for that type of buckle. Measure the force required releasing the buckle and record in the appropriate data sheet.

# **BUCKLE RELEASE TEST CONFIGURATION**

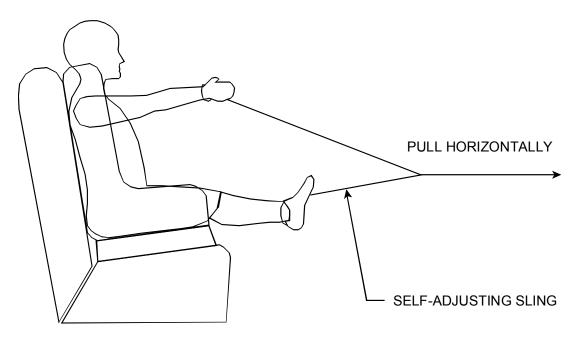


FIGURE 21

# D.7.2 RESTRAINT SYSTEM INTEGRITY (S213, S5.1.1)

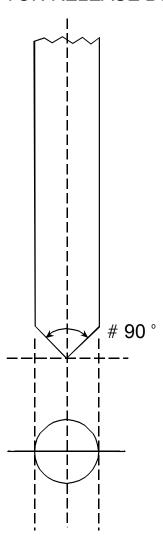
After the Dynamic Impact Test, the child restraint system shall:

- (1) Exhibit no complete separation of any load bearing structural element and no partial separation exposing either surfaces with a radius of less than 6 mm (0.25 inch) or surfaces with protrusions greater than 10 mm (0.375 inch) above the immediate adjacent surrounding contactable surface of any structural element of the system.
- (2) If adjustable to different positions, remain in the same adjustment position during the testing as it was immediately before the testing except as noted below:
  - (A) A rear-facing child restraint system may have a means for repositioning the seating surface of the system that allows the system's occupant to move from a reclined position to an upright position and back to a reclined position during testing.

- (B) No opening that is exposed and is larger than 6 mm (1/4 inch) before the testing shall become smaller during the testing as a result of the movement of the seating surface relative to the restraint system as a whole.
- (3) If a forward-facing child restraint system, not allow the angle between the system's back support surface for the child and the system's seating surface to be less than 45 degrees at the completion of the test.

Observe, measure, and record the results, including maximum protrusion values, on the appropriate Data Sheet.

# RELEASE FORCE APPLICATION DEVICE PUSH BUTTON RELEASE BUCKLES



# D.7.3 INJURY CRITERIA (S213, S5.1.2)

Restraints tested with the three-year-old or the six-year-old dummy shall be evaluated for injury potential. For compliance, the child restraint system shall:

(1) Limit the resultant acceleration at the location of the accelerometer mounted in the test dummy head as specified in 49 CFR, Part 572, such that the expression:

HIC = 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{t_2 - t_1} \int_{t_1}^{t_2} a dt \right]^{2.5} (t_2 - t_1)$$

shall not exceed 1,000, where a is the resultant acceleration expressed as a multiple of g (the acceleration of gravity), and  $t_1$  and  $t_2$ , are any two moments during the impact.

(2) Limit the resultant acceleration at the location of the accelerometer mounted in the test dummy upper thorax as specified in 49 CFR, Part 572, to not more than 60 g's except for intervals whose cumulative duration is not more than 3 milliseconds.

Record the results on the appropriate Data Sheet.

# D.7.4 OCCUPANT EXCURSION (S213, S5.1.3, S5.1.4, S5.2.1.1(C))

By analysis of the high-speed movie/video of the Dynamic Impact Test, or from an equivalent method approved by the COTR, the dummy excursion must be within the following limits during the impact test.

CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS OTHER THAN REAR-FACING ONES AND CAR BEDS

Each child restraint system, other than a rear-facing child restraint system or a car bed, shall retain the test dummy's torso within the system.

FORWARD-FACING RESTRAINTS (S213, S5.1.3.1, S5.2.1.1(C))

(A) In the case of an add-on child restraint system, no portion of the test dummy's head shall pass through a vertical, transverse plane that is 813 mm (32 inches) forward of point Z on the standard seat assembly, measured along the center SORL (as illustrated in Figure 16), and neither knee pivot point shall pass through a vertical, transverse plane that is 915 mm (36 inches) forward of point Z on the standard seat assembly, measured along the center SORL.

(B) In the case of a built-in child restraint system, neither knee pivot point shall, at any time during the dynamic test, pass through a vertical, transverse plane that is 305 mm (12 inches) forward of the initial pre-test position of the respective knee pivot point, measured along a horizontal line that passes through the knee pivot point and is parallel to the vertical plane that passes through the vehicle's longitudinal centerline.

Record the results of the film analysis, including maximum excursions and angles observed, on the appropriate Data Sheet.

REAR-FACING RESTRAINTS (S213, S5.1.3.2, S5.1.4, S5.2.1.1(C))

In the case of each rear-facing child restraint system, all portions of the test dummy's torso shall be retained within the system and neither of the target points on either side of the dummy's head and on the transverse axis passing through the center of mass of the dummy's head and perpendicular to the head's midsagittal plane, shall pass through the transverse orthogonal planes whose intersection contains the forward-most and top-most points on the child restraint system surfaces (illustrated in Figure 23).

Record the results of the film analysis, including maximum angles observed, on the appropriate Data Sheet.

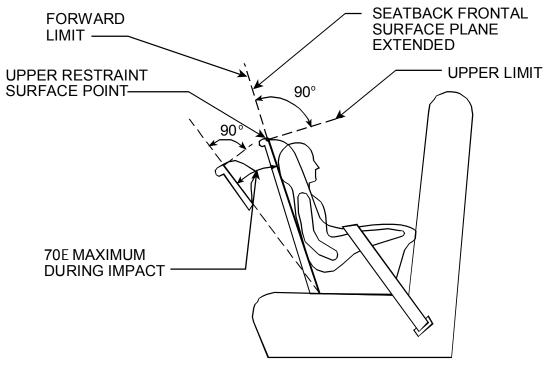
CAR BEDS (S213, S5.1.3.3)

In the case of car beds, all portions of the test dummy's head and torso shall be retained within the confines of the car bed. Record the results on the appropriate Data Sheet.

BACK SUPPORT ANGLE (S213, S5.1.4)

When a rear-facing child restraint system is tested in accordance with S6.1, the angle between the system's back support surface for the child and the vertical shall not exceed 70 degrees. Record the results on the appropriate Data Sheet.

# REAR FACING CHILD RESTRAINT FORWARD AND UPPER HEAD EXCURSION LIMITS



NOTE: Limits illustrated move during dynamic testing

FIGURE 23

# E. TESTING FOR AIRCRAFT USE (S213, S8)

Test a child restraint system manufactured for use in aircraft according to the additional procedures following:

# E.1 INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (S213, S8.1)

Review the manufacturer's printed instructions and install the child restraint system accordingly. Verify the requirements shown below:

Each child restraint system manufactured for use in aircraft shall be accompanied by printed instructions in the English language that provide a step-by-step procedure, including diagrams, for installing the system in the aircraft passenger seats, securing the system to the seat, positioning a child in the system when it is installed in aircraft, and adjusting the system to fit the child.

Record the results in the appropriate Data Sheets.

# E.2 INVERSION TEST

This test uses a representative aircraft passenger seat assembly and a child restraint system manufactured for use in aircraft.

# E.2.1 TEST DEVICE (S213, S8.2.1)

Position and adjust a representative aircraft passenger seat shall be positioned and adjusted so that its horizontal and vertical orientation and its seat back angle are the same as shown in Figure 24 on the next page.

"A" represents a 51 mm (2 inch) to 76 mm (3 inch) thick polyurethane foam pad, 0.68 kg (1.5 pounds) to 0.91 kg (2.0 pounds) per cubic foot density, over 0.51 mm (0.020 inch) thick aluminum pan, and covered by 340 grams (12 ounce) to 397 grams (14 ounce) marine canvas. The sheet aluminum pan is 508 mm (20 inches) wide and supported on each side by a rigid structure. The seat back is a rectangular frame covered with the aluminum sheet and weighing between 6 kg (14 pounds) and 7 kg (15 pounds), with a center of mass 330 mm (13 inches) to 406 mm (16 inches) above the seat pivot axis. The mass moment of inertia of the seat back about the seat pivot axis is between 1.378 and 1.553 kg-m² (195 and 220 ounce-inch-second²). The seat back is free to fold forward about the pivot, but a stop prevents rearward motion. The passenger safety belt anchor points are spaced 533 mm (21 inches) to 559 mm (22 inches) apart and are located in line with the seat pivot axis.

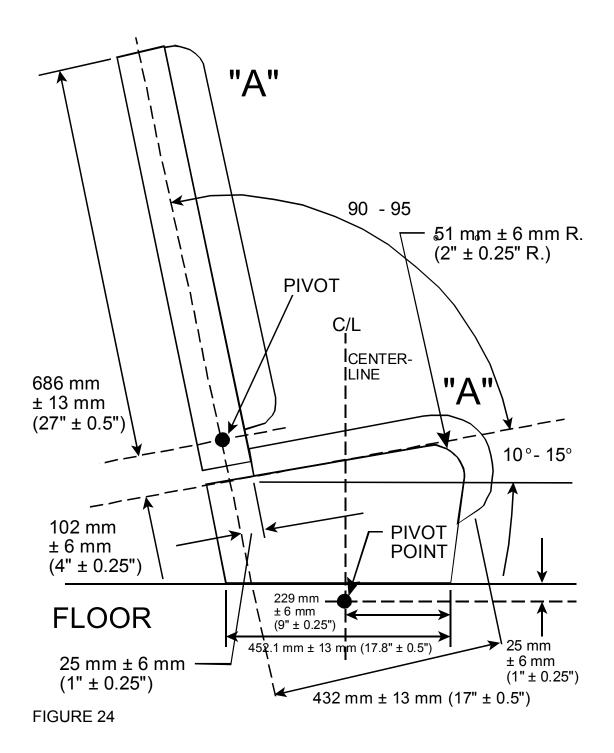
# E.2.2 RESTRAINT SYSTEM INSTALLATION IN AIRCRAFT PASSENGER SEAT (S213, S8.2.2)

Attach the child restraint system to the representative aircraft passenger seat using, at the manufacturer's options, any Federal Aviation Administration approved aircraft safety belt, according to the restraint manufacturers instructions for attaching the restraint to an aircraft seat. No supplementary anchorage belts or tether straps may be attached; however, Federal Aviation Administration approved safety belt extensions may be used.

# E.2.3 DUMMY SELECTION (S213, S8.2.3)

Place the appropriate size dummy in the child restraint as recommended by the manufacturers instructions. Indicate the dummy used on the appropriate Data Sheet.

# SIMULATED AIRCRAFT PASSENGER SEAT



# E.2.4 BELT TENSION (S213, S8.2.4)

Refer to Section D.5.3 of this test procedure for adjusting shoulder and pelvic belts in the restraint system that directly rests on the dummy.

# E.2.5 FORWARD ROTATION TEST (S213, S8.2.5)

Rotate the combination of representative aircraft passenger seat, child restraint, and test dummy forward around a horizontal axis which is contained in the median transverse vertical plane of the seating surface portion of the aircraft seat and is located 25.4 mm (1 in) below the bottom of the seat frame, at a speed of 35 degrees to 45 degrees per second, to an angle of 180 degrees. The rotation shall be stopped when it reaches that angle and the seat shall be held in this position for three seconds. The child restraint shall not fall out of the aircraft safety belt, nor shall the test dummy fall our of the child restraint at any time during the rotation or the three second period. The specified rate of rotation shall be attained in not less than one-half second, and not more than one second, and the rotating combination shall be brought to a stop in not less than one half second and not more than one second.

Indicate the results on the appropriate Data Sheet.

# E.2.6 SIDEWAYS ROTATION TEST (S213, S8.2.6)

Rotate the combination of the representative aircraft passenger seat, child restraint, and test dummy sideways around a horizontal axis which is contained in the median longitudinal vertical plane of the seating surface portion of the aircraft seat and is located 25.4 mm (1 in) below the bottom of the seat frame, at a speed of 35 degrees to 45 degrees per second, to an angle of 180 degrees. The rotation shall be stopped when it reaches that angle and the seat shall be held in this position for three seconds. The child restraint shall not fall out of the aircraft safety belt, nor shall the test dummy fall our of the child restraint at any time during the rotation or the three second period. The specified rate of rotation shall be attained in not less than one half second and not more than one second, and the rotating combination shall be brought to a stop in not less than one half second and not more than one second. Indicate the results on the appropriate Data Sheet.

# 13. POST TEST REQUIREMENTS

The contractor shall re-verify all instrumentation and checks data sheets and photographs. Make sure data are recorded in all applicable data blocks on every compliance test Data Sheet.

# 14. REPORTS

# 14.1 MONTHLY STATUS REPORTS

The contractor shall submit a monthly Test Status Report and a Equipment Status Report to the COTR. The Equipment Status Report shall be submitted until all child restraint systems are disposed of. Samples of the required Monthly Status Reports are contained in the report forms section.

# 14.2 APPARENT TEST FAILURE

Any indication of a test failure shall be communicated by telephone to the COTR within 24 hours with written notification mailed within 48 hours (Saturdays and Sundays excluded). A Notice of Test Failure (see report forms section) with a copy of the particular compliance test data sheet(s) and preliminary data plot(s) shall be included. In the event of a test failure, a post test calibration check of some critically sensitive test equipment and instrumentation may be required for verification of accuracy. The necessity for the calibration shall be at the COTR's discretion and shall be performed without additional costs to the OVSC.

# 14.3 FINAL TEST REPORTS

# 14.3.1 COPIES

In the case of a test failure, **SEVEN** copies of the Final Test Report shall be submitted to the COTR for acceptance within three weeks of test completion. The Final Test Report format to be used by all contractors can be found in the "Report Section".

Where there has been no indication of a test failure, **THREE** copies of each Final Test Report shall be submitted to the COTR within three weeks of test completion. Payment of contractor's invoices for completed compliance tests may be withheld until the Final Test Report is accepted by the COTR. Contractors are requested to NOT submit invoices before the COTR is provided copies of the Final Test Report.

Contractors are required to submit the first Final Test Report in draft form within two weeks after the compliance test is conducted. The contractor and the COTR will then be able to discuss the details of both test conduct and report content early in the compliance test program.

Contractors are required to PROOF READ all Final Test Reports before submittal to the COTR. The OVSC will not act as a report quality control office for contractors. Reports containing a significant number of errors will be returned to the contractor for correction, and a "hold" will be placed on invoice payment for the particular test.

# 14.3.2 REQUIREMENTS

The Final Test Report, associated documentation (including photographs) is relied upon as the chronicle of the compliance test. The Final Test Report will be released to the public domain after review and acceptance by the COTR. For these reasons, each final report must be a complete document capable of standing by itself.

The contractor should use **detailed** descriptions of all compliance test events. Any events that are not directly associated with the standard but are of technical interest should also be included. The contractor should include as much **detail** as possible in the report.

In addition, one (1) data disk containing dynamic sled test data shall be submitted. Data contained on the disk shall be arranged such that it complies with the "NHTSA Component Data Reference Guide, Vol. 3" and is in a well-organized and readily understandable format.

Instructions for the preparation of the first three pages of the final test report are provided for the purpose of standardization.

# 14.3.3 FIRST THREE PAGES

### A. FRONT COVER

A heavy paperback cover (or transparency) shall be provided for the protection of the final report. The information required on the cover is as follows:

(1) FINAL REPORT NUMBER such as 213-ABC-9X-001, where -

213 is the FMVSS tested

ABC are the initials for the laboratory

9X is the Fiscal Year of the test program (or 0X after 1999)

001 is the Group Number (001 for the 1st test, 002 for the 2nd test, etc.)

(2) Final Report Title And Subtitle such as

SAFETY COMPLIANCE TESTING FOR FMVSS 213
Child Restraint Systems

Child Safety Corporation 199X CSC Super Safe Model No. CSC 9X123, P/N 12345678

(3) Contractor's Name and Address such as

COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORIES, INC. 4335 West Dearborn Street
Detroit, Michigan 48090-1234

NOTE: DOT SYMBOL WILL BE PLACED BETWEEN ITEMS (3) AND (4)

- (4) Date of Final Report completion
- (5) The words "FINAL REPORT"
- (6) The sponsoring agency's name and address as follows

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Safety Assurance Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance 400 Seventh Street, SW Room 6115 (NSA-30) Washington, DC 20590

# B. FIRST PAGE AFTER FRONT COVER

A disclaimer statement and an acceptance signature block for the COTR shall be provided as follows:

This publication is distributed by the U. S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, in the interest of information exchange. The opinions, findings and conclusions expressed in this publication are those of the author(s) and not necessarily those of the Department of Transportation or the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. The United States Government assumes no liability for its contents or use thereof. If trade or manufacturers' names or products are mentioned, it is only because they are considered essential to the object of the publication and should not be construed as an endorsement. The United States Government does not endorse products or manufacturers.

Prepared By:
Approved By:
Approval Date:
FINAL REPORT ACCEPTANCE BY OVSC:
Accepted By:
Acceptance Date:

# C. SECOND PAGE AFTER FRONT COVER

A completed Technical Report Documentation Page (Form DOT F1700.7) shall be completed for those items that are applicable with the other spaces left blank. Sample data for the applicable block numbers of the title page follows.

Block No. 1 -- REPORT NUMBER

213-ABC-9X-001

Block No. 2 -- GOVERNMENT ACCESSION NUMBER

Leave blank

Block No. 3 -- RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER

Leave blank

Block No. 4 -- TITLE AND SUBTITLE

Final Report of FMVSS 213 compliance testing of CSC Super Safe Child Restraint System

Block No. 5 -- REPORT DATE

March 1, 199X (or 200X)

Block No. 6 -- PERFORMING ORGANIZATION CODE

**ABC** 

Block No. 7 -- AUTHOR(S)

John Smith, Project Manager Bill Doe, Project Engineer

Block No. 8 -- PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER

ABC-DOT-213-001

Block No. 9 -- PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS

ABC Laboratories 405 Main Street Detroit, MI 48070

Block No. 10 -- WORK UNIT NUMBER

Leave blank

Block No. 11 -- CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER

DTNH22-9X-D-12345

Block No. 12 -- SPONSORING AGENCY NAME AND ADDRESS

U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance (NSA-30) 400 Seventh Street, SW, Room 6115 Washington, DC 20590

Block No. 13 -- TYPE OF REPORT AND PERIOD COVERED

Final Test Report Feb. 15 to Mar. 15, 199X (or 200X)

Block No. 14 -- SPONSORING AGENCY CODE

NSA-30

Block No. 15 -- SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Leave blank

Block No. 16 -- ABSTRACT

Compliance tests were conducted on CSC Super Safe child restraint systems in accordance with the specifications of the Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance Test Procedure No. TP-213-0X for the determination of FMVSS 213 compliance. Test failures identified were as follows:

None

**NOTE:** Above wording must be shown with appropriate changes made for a particular compliance test. Any questions should be resolved with the COTR.

Block No. 17 -- KEY WORDS

Compliance Testing Safety Engineering FMVSS 213

Block No. 18 -- DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT

Copies of this report are available from--

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration Technical Reference Division Room 5108 (NAD-40) 400 Seventh St., SW Washington, DC 20590 Telephone No.: 202-366-4946

10.001.01.01.101.202.000.101.0

Block No. 19 -- SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT

Unclassified

Block No. 20 -- SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF PAGE

Unclassified

Block No. 21 -- NUMBER OF PAGES

Add appropriate number

Block No. 22 -- PRICE

Leave blank

# 14.3.4 TABLE OF CONTENTS

Final test report Table of Contents shall include the following:

Section 1 - Purpose of Compliance Test and Test Procedure

Section 2 - Compliance Data Summary

Section 3 - Inspection and Test Data

Section 4 - Test Equipment List and Calibration Information

Section 5 - Photographs

Section 6 - Notice of Test Failure (if applicable)

# 14.3.5 PURPOSE AND TEST PROCEDURE

Final test reports shall include the following:

# **PURPOSE**

The purpose of the test was to determine if the production child restraint systems supplied by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration met the requirements of Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (FMVSS) No. 213 - Child Restraint Systems.

# TEST PROCEDURE

The "ABC Laboratories Test Procedure for FMVSS 213," submitted and approved by the Office of Vehicle Safety Compliance, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, contains the specific procedures used to conduct this test. This procedure shall not be interpreted to be in conflict with any portion of FMVSS 213 and amendments in effect as noted in the applicable contract.

# 15. DATA SHEETS

One sample of each Compliance Data Sheet is included in this section. More than one copy of a Data Sheet may be needed for a complete compliance test series.

Record test data in standard engineering units, determine compliance, and record PASS, FAIL, NA (not applicable), or SEE REMARKS in the spaces provided. Any noncompliance should be explained under REMARKS.

# 15. DATA SHEETS....Continued:

# DATA SHEET 1 INSPECTION AND TEST DATA FMVSS 213 - CHILD RESTRAINT SYSTEMS

Rep	ort No			
	CHILD RESTRAIN	ΓSYS	TEM IDENTIFICATION	
Man	ufacturer:			
Naı	me:			
Add	dress:			
Мо	del No.:			
	oup No.:			
1.	Item Code:	2.	Item Code:	
	Date of Manufacture	_	Date of Manufacture	
	Sled Test No.	_	Sled Test No.	
3.	Item Code:	4.	Item Code:	
	Date of Manufacture		Date of Manufacture	
	Sled Test No.	_	Sled Test No.	
5.	Item Code:	6.	Item Code:	
	Date of Manufacture		Date of Manufacture	
	Sled Test No.	<u> </u>	Sled Test No.	
REM	MARKS:			
Tech	nnician:		Date:	

# 15. DATA SHEETS....Continued:

# DATA SHEET 2 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA – FMVSS 213

LABELING (FMVSS 213, S5.5)

Repo	ort No. Item Code	
Date	e of Test	
	P	ass/Fail
perma	nanently labeled with the information specified in S5.5.2 mrough (m).	
(m) of	5.2 The information specified in paragraphs (a) through of this section shall be stated in the English language and red in letters and numbers that are not smaller than 10-t type and are on a contrasting background.	
The fo	following information is included:	
(a)	Model name or number	
(b)	Name of manufacturer or responsible distributor	
(c)	Month and year of manufacture, included in the statement "Manufactured in"	
(d)	Place (city and state, or foreign country) of manufacture or principle offices of the distributor.	
(e)	The statement: "This child restraint system conforms to all applicable Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards."	
REMA	ARKS:	
Techni	nician: Date:	

15.	DATA	SHEETSContinued:
(f)	manu	of the following statements, inserting the ufacturer's recommendations for the maximum weight neight of children who can safely occupy the system:
	(i)	THIS INFANT RESTRAINT IS DESIGNED FOR USE BY CHILDREN WHO WEIGH POUNDS (MASS KG) OR LESS AND WHOSE HEIGHT IS INCHES ( MM) OR LESS; or
	(ii)	THIS CHILD RESTRAINT IS DESIGNED FOR USE ONLY BY CHILDREN WHO WEIGH BETWEEN AND POUNDS (MASS BETWEEN AND KG) AND WHOSE HEIGHT IS INCHES (MM) OR LESS AND WHO ARE CAPABLE OF SITTING UPRIGHT ALONE; or
	(iii)	THIS CHILD RESTRAINT IS DESIGNED FOR USE ONLY BY CHILDREN WHO WEIGH BETWEEN AND POUNDS (MASS BETWEEN AND KG) AND ARE BETWEEN AND INCHES ( AND MM) IN HEIGHT.
(g)	manu	following statement, inserting the location of the ufacturer's installation instruction booklet or sheet on estraint.
	FOLI CHIL SUDI RES	NING! FAILURE TO FOLLOW EACH OF THE LOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAN RESULT IN YOUR D STRIKING THE VEHICLE'S INTERIOR DURING A DEN STOP OR CRASH. SECURE THIS CHILD TRAINT WITH A VEHICLE BELT AS SPECIFIED IN MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS LOCATED
(h)		e case of each child restraint system that has belts gned to restrain children using them, the statement:
		GLY ADJUST THE BELTS PROVIDED WITH THIS D RESTRAINT AROUND YOUR CHILD.
REMA	RKS:	

Technician:	Date:
-	 

15.	DATA SHEETS	.Continued:
-----	-------------	-------------

(i)(1)	use wasser	ot for a booster seat which is recommended for with both a vehicle's Type I and Type II seat belt onbly, and except for a backless child restraint on manufactured before September 1, 1994, one of following statements, as appropriate:		
	(i)	WARNING! USE ONLY THE VEHICLE'S LAP AND SHOULDER BELT SYSTEM WHEN RESTRAINING THE CHILD IN THIS BOOSTER SEAT; or	₹ _	
	(ii)	WARNING! USE ONLY THE VEHICLE'S LAP BELT SYSTEM, OR THE LAP BELT PART OF A LAP/SHOULDER BELT SYSTEM WITH THE SHOULDER BELT PLACED BEHIND THE CHILD, WHEN RESTRAINING THE CHILD IN THIS SEAT.	_	
(2)	both a	booster seat which is recommended for use with a vehicle's Type I and Type II seat belt mblies, the following statement:	_	
	SYST LAP/S SHOU WHE descr forwa lap be LAP / THIS	NING! USE ONLY THE VEHICLE'S LAP BELT TEM, OR THE LAP BELT PART OF A SHOULDER BELT SYSTEM WITH THE ULDER BELT PLACED BEHIND THE CHILD, IN RESTRAINING THE CHILD WITH THE (insertiption of the system element provided to restrain and movement of the child's torso when used with the left (e.g., shield),) AND ONLY THE VEHICLE'S AND SHOULDER BELT SYSTEM WHEN USING BOOSTER WITHOUT THE (insert above siption).	а	
(j)		case of each child restraint system equipped wit schorage strap, the statement:	h -	
	WITH	JRE THE TOP ANCHORAGE STRAP PROVIDE I THIS CHILD RESTRAINT AS SPECIFIED IN MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.	D	
REMA	RKS:			
Techni	ician: _		Date:	

15.	DATA	SHEETSContinued:	
(k)(1)		case of each rear-facing child restraint system designed for infants only, the following nents:	
	(i)	"PLACE THIS INFANT RESTRAINT IN A REAR-FACING POSITION WHEN USING IT IN THE VEHICLE"	
(2)	to be	case of a child restraint system that is designed used rearward-facing for infants and forward-g for older children, the following statements:	
	(i)	"PLACE THIS CHILD RESTRAINT IN A REAR-FACING POSITION WHEN USING IT WITH AN INFANT WEIGHING LESS THAN (Insert a recommended weight that is not less than 10 kg (22 pounds))."	
(4)	used or aft 10 ar S5.5. shall cushi child'	case of each child restraint system that can be in a rear-facing position and is manufactured on er May 27, 1997, a label that conforms to Figure and to the requirements of S5.5.2(k)(4)(i) through 2(k)(4)(iii) of FMVSS 213 is required. The label be permanently affixed to the outer surface of the on or padding in or adjacent to the area where a s head would rest, so that the label is plainly e and easily readable. The text included in figure ads:	
	front can c	RNING. DO NOT place rear-facing child seat on seat with air bag. DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY occur. The back seat is the safest place for en 12 and under."	
	"WAF (ii) TI The r 30 cr (iii) T slash	ne heading area shall be yellow with the word RNING" and the alert symbol in black. The message area shall be white with black text. The message area shall be no less than $n^2$ . (4.65 in²) The pictogram shall be black with a red circle and on a white background. The pictogram shall be see than 30 mm. (1.18 in.) in diameter.	

Technician:	 Date:	

15.	ΠΔΤΔ	SHEETS	Continued:

J. I	DATA STILL ISContinued.		
(I)	An installation diagram showing the child restraint system installed in the right front outboard seating position equipped with a continuous-loop lap/shoulder belt and in the center rear seating position as specified in the manufacturer's instructions.		
(m)	The following statement, inserting an address and telephone number:		
	"Child restraints could be recalled for safety reasons. You must register this restraint to be reached in a recall. Send your name, address and the restraint's model number and manufacturing date to ( <i>insert address</i> ) or call ( <i>insert telephone number</i> ). For recall information, call the U. S. Government's Auto Safety Hotline at 1-800-424-9393 (202-366-0123 in D.C. area)."		
(n)	Child restraint systems, other than belt-positioning seats, harnesses, and backless child restraint systems, may be certified as complying with the provisions of S8. Child restraints that are so certified shall be labeled with the statement:	_	
	"This Restraint is Certified for Use in Motor Vehicles and Aircraft."		
	Belt-positioning seats, harnesses, and backless child restraint systems shall be labeled with the statement:		
	"This Restraint is Not Certified for Use in Aircraft."		
	The statement required by this paragraph shall be in red lettering, and shall be placed after the certification statement required by S5.5.2(e).	_	
(g)-(k)	The information specified in FMVSS 213, S5.5.2, shall be located on the add-on child restraint system tit is visible when the system is installed as specified in .	_	
(O)	Labels may be seen in photographs presented in Appendix C.	_	

Technician: Date:	
-------------------	--

# 15. DATA SHEETS....Continued:

# DATA SHEET 3 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (FMVSS 213, S5.6)

Report No.:	Item Code:	
Date of Test:		
		PASS/ FAIL
<b>S5.6.1</b> Each add-on child restrated accompanied by printed installar language that provide a step-by diagrams, for installing the system the system in the vehicles, positionand adjusting the system to fit the	tion instructions in the English r-step procedure, including em in motor vehicles, securing tioning a child in the system,	
<b>S5.6.1.1</b> In a vehicle with rear of the instructions shall alert vehicl accident statistics, children are sin the rear seating positions rath positions.	le owners that, according to safer when properly restrained	
<b>S5.6.1.2</b> The instructions specing of vehicles, the types of seating vehicle safety belts with which the system can or cannot be used.	positions, and the types of	
<b>S5.6.1.3</b> The instructions shall consequences of not following to labeled on the child restraint systems (g) through (k).	he warnings required to be	
REMARKS:		
Technician:	Date:	

15. DATA SHEETSContinued:	
<b>S5.6.1.4</b> The instructions for each car bed shall explain that the car bed should position in such a way that the child's head is near the center of the vehicle.	
<b>S5.6.1.5</b> The instructions shall state that add-on child restraint systems should be securely belted to the vehicle, even when they are not occupied, since in a crash an unsecured child restraint system may injure other occupants.	
<b>S5.6.1.6</b> Each add-on child restraint system shall have a location on the restraint for storing the manufacturer's instructions.	
<b>S5.6.1.7</b> The instructions shall include the following statement, inserting an address and telephone number: "Child restraints could be recalled for safety reasons. You must register this restraint to be reached in a recall. Send your name, address and the restraint's model number and manufacturing date to ( <i>insert address</i> ) or call ( <i>insert telephone number</i> ). For recall information, call the U.S. Government's Auto Safety Hotline at 1-800-424-9393 (202-366-0123 in D.C. area)."	
<b>S5.6.1.8</b> In the case of each child restraint system that can be used in a position so that it is facing the rear of the vehicle, the instructions shall provide a warning against using rearfacing restraints at seating positions equipped with airbags, and shall explain the reasons for, and consequences of not following the warning. The instructions shall also include a statement that owners of vehicles with front passenger side airbags should refer to their owner's manual for child restraint installation instructions.	

Technician:	 Date:	

**REMARKS**:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

15.	DATA SHEETS	.Continued:
-----	-------------	-------------

that h syste reclin includ	nas a r m that led to a de a w	n the case of each rear-facing child restraint system neans for repositioning the seating surface of the allows the system's occupant to move from a an upright position during testing, the instructions shall arning against impeding the ability of the restraint to ustment position.	
(a)	use v asse	nstructions for a booster seat that is recommended for with either a vehicle's Type I and Type II seat belt mbly, one of the following statements, as appropriate, he reasons for the statement:	
	(i)	WARNING! USE ONLY THE VEHICLE'S LAP AND SHOULDER BELT SYSTEM WHEN RESTRAINING THE CHILD IN THIS BOOSTER SEAT; or	
	(ii)	WARNING! USE ONLY THE VEHICLE'S LAP BELT SYSTEM, OR THE LAP BELT PART OF A LAP/ SHOULDER BELT SYSTEM WITH THE SHOULDER BELT PLACED BEHIND THE CHILD, WHEN RESTRAINING THE CHILD IN THIS SEAT.	
(b)(i)	boos vehic inclu WAF SYS' LAP/ BEL' RES' of the move (e.g., SHO	pt as provided in S5.6.1.10(b)(ii), the instructions for a ter seat that is recommended for use with both a cle's Type I and Type II seat belt assemblies shall de the following statement and the reasons therefore: RNING! USE ONLY THE VEHICLE'S LAP BELT TEM, OR THE LAP BELT PART OF A SHOULDER BELT SYSTEM WITH THE SHOULDER IT PLACED BEHIND THE CHILD, WHEN TRAINING THE CHILD WITH THE (insert description is system element provided to restrain forward element of the child's torso when used with a lap belt shield),) AND ONLY THE VEHICLE'S LAP AND ULDER BELT SYSTEM WHEN USING THIS STER WITHOUT THE (insert above description).	
REMA	RKS:		
Techn	ician:	Date:	

	A booster seat which is recommended for use vehicle's Type I and Type II seat belt assembl subject to S5.6.1.10(b)(i) if, when the booster the shield or similar component, the booster with shoulder belt to be located in a position other of the child when the booster is installed. How instructions for such a booster shall include a use the booster with the vehicle's lap and should system when using the booster without a shield. The instructions for belt-positioning seats shall statement:  "This restraint is not certified for aircraft use", a reasons for this statement.	ies is not is used with ill cause the than in front vever, the warning to ulder belt d.  I include the	
REMAR	RKS:		
Technic	cian:	Date:	

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 15. DATA SHEETS....Continued:

Technician:

#### DATA SHEET 4 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# REGISTRATION FORM (FMVSS 213, S5.8)

Report No.:  Date of Test:		Item Code:	
			PASS/ FAIL
S5.8	Informa	ation requirements - registration form.	
(a)	built-in attach dumm	child restraint system, except a factory-installed restraint system, shall have a registration form ed to any surface of the restraint that contacts the y when the dummy is positioned in the system in lance with S6.1.2 of Standard 213.	
(b)	Each t	form shall:	
	(1)	Consist of a postcard that is attached at a perforation to an informational card;	
	(2)	Conform in size, content and format to Figures 9a and 9b of this section; and	
	(3)	Have a thickness of at least 0.178 mm.(0.007 in.) and not more than 0.241 mm.(0.0095 in.)	
(c)	and da restrai contain name manuf inform identify restrai or num	postcard shall provide the model name or number ate of manufacture (month, year) of the child and system to which the form is attached, shall a space for the purchaser to record his or her and mailing address, shall be addressed to the acturer, and shall be postage paid. No other ation shall appear on the postcard, except ying information that distinguishes a particular child and system from other systems of that model name aber may be preprinted in the shaded area of the ard, as shown in Figure 9a of FMVSS 213.	

# DATA SHEET 5 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

INSTALLATION (FMVSS 213, S5.3)

Report	rt No.: Item Code:	
Date of	of Test:	
		PASS/ FAIL
	1 No attachment to vehicle seat cushion or seat back, nor between them.	
S5.3.2	2 Secured by means of (check one)	
	Lap belt only	
	Lap belt and tether	
	or Lap/shoulder combination	
S5.3.3	3 Lateral installation for car beds.	
REMARI	RKS:	
Technicia	cian: Date:	

#### DATA SHEET 6 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# MINIMUM HEAD SUPPORT SURFACE (FMVSS 213, S5.2.1)

Report No.:	Item	Code:	
Date of Test:			
<b>S5.2.1.2</b> The child refrom this requiremen	estraint system is low e it.	enough to be exempt	(YES, N0)
S5.2.1.1	BACK SHE	PPORT HEIGHT	
Maximum Child Weight kg. (lbs.)	Required Minimum Height cm. (in.)	Measured Height cm. (in.)	Pass/ Fail
	BACK SUI	PPORT WIDTH	
Required Minimum Width cm. (in.)	Measured Width cm. (in.)	Side Wing Depth cm. (in.)	Pass/ Fail
REMARKS:			
Technician:		Date:	

Report No.:

# DATA SHEET 7 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# TORSO IMPACT PROTECTION (FMVSS 213, S5.2.2)

Item Code:

Date of Test:			
S5.2.2.1			
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Back Support Surface	Flat or concave		
	Area 548 sq. cm. (85 sq. in.)	sq. cm. (sq. in.)	
Side Support Surface	Flat or concave		
Max. weight 9 kg (20 lbs.)	Area 155 sq. cm. (24 sq. in.)	sq. cm. (sq. in.)	
Max. weight < 9 kg (20 lbs.)	Area 310 sq. cm. (48 sq. in.)	sq. cm. (sq. in.)	(1)
Forward Restraining Surface			
Horiz. Cross Section	Flat or concave		
Vertical Longitudinal	Flat or convex		
Cross Section	Radius of curvature 5 cm. (2 in.)		
\$5.2.2.2 Forward Fixe	ed or Movable Surface	Yes/No	Pass/Deferred
Technician:		Date:	

# DATA SHEET 8 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# PROTRUSION LIMITATION (FMVSS 213, S5.2.4)

Report No.:  Date of Test:		tem Code:	
	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass/
Test	mm. (in.)	mm. (in.)	Fail
Height	9.53 mm. (3/8 in.)		
Edge Radius	6.35 mm. (1/4 in.)		
REMARKS:			
Technician:		Date:	

# DATA SHEET 9 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# DYNAMIC IMPACT TEST CONDITIONS (FMVSS 213, S6.1)

Report No.:	Sle	d Test:
Date of Test:	Îter	m Code:
Laboratory Ambient Conditions Duri Temperature Range Relative Humidity	ng Testing to % to	Degrees C (F)
Test Configuration (I or II) Nominal velocity (km/h)		<del>-</del>
Dummy Used	S/N:	
Child Restraint System		
Installation mode		
Adjustment mode		
"Misuse" mode Test Results Actual velocity	N/A 	m/s (ft/s) km/h (mph)
Integrated area of sled acceleration deviation below the lower severity boundary m/s (ft/s)	1	
Limits: Configuration I - 0.13 m/s ( Configuration II - 0.09 m/s	,	m/s (ft/s)
Include pre- and post-test photog	graphs and acce	eleration-time history plot.
REMARKS:		
Pretest and posttest photographs	s are presented	in Appendix C.
Technician:		Date:

# DATA SHEET 9 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213 DYNAMIC IMPACT TEST

Report No.:	Sled Test No.:	
Date of Test:	"SLED PULSE"	FMVSS 213 30 MPH PULSE ENVELOPE
Technician: _	Date:	

#### DATA SHEET 10 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

BELT RESTRAINT (FMVSS 213, S5.4.3)

Report No.:  Date of Test:		Sled Test No.:	
<b>\$5.4.3.1</b> Snug Fit	of Belts EXTRA WE	EBBING	
Dummy	Each Shoulder Belt cm. (in.)	Each Lap Belt Side cm. (in.)	Crotch Belt cm. (in.)
<b>\$5.4.3.2</b> Direct Re	estraint Belts		
(2) Rigid s (3) Belt/ch NOTE: If all "Y  S5.4.3.3 Seating s (1) Upper s (2) Lower s		YES/NO	
S5.4.3.4 Child Ha (1) Upper (2) Lower (3) Preven REMARKS:	torso		
Technician:		Date:	

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

#### 15. DATA SHEETS....Continued:

Technician:

# DATA SHEET 11 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

## BUCKLE RELEASE (FMVSS 213, S5.4.3.5, S6.2)

Report No.: SI		Sled Test No.: N	
Date of Test:	Ite	Item Code:	
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fa
Buckle Minimum Surface Area	Area <sub>.</sub> 3.9 cm. <sup>2</sup> (0.6 in. <sup>2</sup> )	cm. <sup>2</sup> (in. <sup>2</sup> )	
Pre - Impact Release Force	Force range : 40 to 62 N (9 to 14 lbs.)	N (lbs.)	
Buckle Integrity	Not release during test		
Post - Impact Release Force	Force range: ≤ 71 N (16 lbs.)	N (lbs.)	
	(		
REMARKS:			

Report No.:

#### DATA SHEET 12 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# RESTRAINT SYSTEM INTEGRITY (FMVSS 213, S5.1.1)

Sled Test No.: N

Date of Test:	ate of Test: Item Code:		
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fai
Structural Integrity	No complete separation		
	No partial separation with exposed edge radius < 9.53 mm. (1/4 in.)		
	No partial separation with protrusions > 6.35 mm. (3/8 in.)		
Adjustment Position	No change		
Back Surface / Seating Surface Angle	Not < 45 degrees		
REMARKS:			
Technician:		Date:	

### DATA SHEET 13 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

INJURY CRITERIA (FMVSS 213, S5.1.2)

Report No.:  Date of Test:		Sled Test No.: Item Code:	
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Head Injury Criterion	≤1000		
Chest Injury Criterion	Cumulative duration over 60 g ≤ 3 ms	Peak g =  Duration exceeding 60 g =	

**REMARKS**:

Technician:	 Date: _	

Technician:

# DATA SHEET 14 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# OCCUPANT EXCURSION (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3, S5.1.4, S5.2.1.1 (c))

Report No.:	Sled Test No. :		
Date of Test:	Item Code:		
	FORWARD-FACING RE	STRAINTS	
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Torso Retention (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.1)	Retain within system		
Head Excursion (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.1)	≤ 81.3 cm. (32 in.)	cm (in.)	
Knee Target Excursion (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.1)	≤ 91.5 cm. (36 in.)	cm.(in.)	
Head - Torso Angle (FMVSS 213, S5.2.1.1 (c))	Rearward change ≤ 45 degrees	deg.	
	REAR-FACING REST	RAINTS	
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Torso Retention (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.2)	Retain within system		
Head Target Excursion (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.2)	Not beyond restraint's top and forward edge		
Back Support Angle (FMVSS 213, S5.1.4)	≤70 degrees	deg.	
Head - Torso Angle (FMVSS 213 S5.2.1.1 (c))	Rearward change ≤ . 45 degrees	deg.	
REMARKS:			

Date:

### DATA SHEET 15 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

# OCCUPANT EXCURSION (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3, S5.1.4, S5.2.1.1 (c))

(FMVSS 213, S5.1.3, S5.1.4, S5.2.1.1 (c))					
Report No.:	Sled Test No.:				
Date of Test:	Item Code:				
	CAR BED RESTR	AINTS	T		
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail		
Head - Torso Retention (FMVSS 213, S5.1.3.3)	Retain within confines of system				
REMARKS:					
Technician:		Date:			

#### DATA SHEET 16 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

#### AIRCRAFT PASSENGER SEAT INVERSION TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS (FMVSS 213, S8.2, S8.2.5, S8.2.6)

Report No.: Date of Test:	Item Code:	
-		PASS/ FAIL
aircraft shall be English that pro diagrams, for in securing a child	d restraint system manufactured for use in accompanied by printed instructions in ovide a step-by-step procedure, including istalling the system in aircraft passenger seats, I in the system when it is installed in aircraft, ne system to fit the child.	
REMARKS:		
Technician:	Date:	

# DATA SHEET 17 COMPLIANCE TEST DATA: FMVSS 213

#### AIRCRAFT PASSENGER SEAT INVERSION TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS (FMVSS 213, S8.2, S8.2.5, S8.2.6)

Report No.:	Sled Tes	t No.:	
Date of Test: Item Cod		le:	
Date of Manufacture			
Laboratory Ambient Condi Temperature Range Relative Humidity	tions During Testing Temperatuto Dec	ure Range grees	
INVERSION TEST Dummy Used			
Child Restraint System			
Installation mode			
Adjustment mode			
	ROTATION ABOUT Y-AXIS (FO	ORWARD)	
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Dummy Retention (FMVSS 213, S8.2.5)	Retained within system		
Child Restraint Retention (FMVSS 213, S8.2.5)	Retained within aircraft seat		
	ROTATION ABOUT X-AXIS (L	ATERAL)	
Test	Compliance Requirement	Test Result	Pass / Fail
Dummy Retention (FMVSS 213, S8.2.6)	Retained within system		
Child Restraint Retention (FMVSS 213, S8.2.6)	Retained within aircraft seat		
Technician:		Date:	

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### 15. DATA SHEETS....Continued:

## DATA SHEET 18 FLAMMABILITY TEST (S213-S5.7/S302-S4.3)

Report No.:						
Test Date:						
Item Code:						
Laboratory Ambient	Conditions During Test	ing –				
Temperature	Range: to	_ °C (°F)				
Relative Hum	idity Range: to _	%				
Type of Material:						
Function:						
		= cm. (in.), H= cn				
Burn Direction:						
Burn Distance:	cm. (in.)					
Burn Time:	seconds					
TEST	COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENT	TEST RESULTS	PASS	FAIL		
Burn Rate ≤ 10.2 cm/min. (4 in./min.)						
Flame-Front Transmission Rate	≤ .10.2 cm/min. (4 in./min.)					
Self- Extinguishment	Time < 60 sec. Burn Distance ≤ 5.1 cm (2 in.)					

Technician:

## DATA SHEET 19 WEBBING PERFORMANCE TESTS (S213-S5.4.1)

Report No.:		Test Date:			
tem Code:					
	nditions During Testing:				
Temp. Range:	to°F (°C); Relati	ve Humidity Ra	nge:t	o %	
Webbing Usage On Re	straint:				
TEST	COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENT	TEST RESULT	PASS	FAIL	
Non-Degraded Webbing (FMVSS 209, S5.1(b))	This test provides baseline webbing breaking strength.	1 2 3 Median	N/A (Provides baseline strength)	N/A (Provides baseline strength)	
Resistance to Abrasion (FMVSS 209, S4.2(d), S5.1(d))	Median breaking strength  ≥ N (lb)  (75% of median baseline strength)	1 2 3 Median			
Abrasion cycles performed(2500 required)					
Resistance to Buckle Abrasion (FMVSS 209, S5.3(c))	Median breaking strength  ≥ N (lb) (75% of median baseline strength)	1 2 3 Median			
Abrasion cycles performed					
(2500 required)					

Technician:	Date:
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TEST	COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENT	TEST RESULT	PASS	FAIL
Resistance to Light (FMVSS 209, S4.2(e), S5.1(e))  Exposure Time (100 hours required)	Median breaking strength  ≥ N (lb) (60% of median baseline strength)	1 2 3 Median		
	Color retention ≥ No. 2 on the Geometric Gray Scale	1. 2. 3.		
Resistance to Micro- Organisms (FMVSS 209, S4.2(f), S5.1(f))  Burial Duration (2 weeks required)	Median breaking strength  ≥ N (lb) (85% of median baseline strength)	1 2 3 Median		
Width Requirement (FMVSS 209, S5.4.1(c), S5.4.1.1))	Width ≥ 3.8 cm (1.5 in)	1 2 3		

REMARKS:

Technician:	Date:	
	 _	<del></del>

#### DATA SHEET 20 BELT BUCKLE AND ADJUSTMENT HARDWARE PERFORMANCE TESTS (S213-S5.4.2/S209-S4.3)

Report No.:				
Test Date:				
Item Code:				
Laboratory Ambient Condit	ions During Testing:			
Temp. Range:	_ to°C (°F); Relative I	Humidity Range	e: to	%
TEST	COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENT	TEST RESULT	PASS	FAIL
Corrosion Resistance (FMVSS 209, S4.3(a)(2)) Exposure time (24 hours required) Drying time (1 hour required)	No Corrosion	1 2 3		
Temperature Resistance (FMVSS 209, S4.3(b)) Exposure time (24 hours required) Exposure time (24 hours required)	No functional deterioration	1.       2.       3.		
Buckle Release Access (FMVSS 209, S4.3(d)(2))				
Pushbuttons	Area 4.5 sq. cm (0.7 sq.in.)  Linear dimensions			
Lever Release	Cylinder insertion			
Other	Two-finger access			
REMARKS:				
Technician:		Date:		

TEST	COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENT	TEST RESULT	PASS	FAIL
Adjustment Force (FMVSS 209, S4.3(e))  Conditioning cycles performed (10 required)	Force ≤ 11 lb. (49 N)	1 2 3		
Tilt-Lock Adjustment (FMVSS 209, S4.3(f))	Lock angle ≥ 30 degrees	1 2 3		
Buckle Latch (FMVSS 209, S4.3(g))  Conditioning cycles performed (200 required)	No functional deterioration	1 2 3		
Metal-to-Metal Buckles	Partial-engagement separation force ≤ 5 lb. (22 N)	1 2 3		

REMARKS:

Technician:	Date:	

### DATA SHEET 21 ENERGY ABSORBING MATERIALS PERFORMANCE TESTS (S213-S5.2.3 & S6.3)

Report No.:	<del></del>	
Test Date:		
Item Code:		
Laboratory Ambient Condition	ions During Testing:	
Temp. Range:	to°C (°F); Relative	Humidity Range: to %
\$6.3 Compression-Deflec	tion Resistance (25% compre	ession)
BASE MATERIAL TYPE	TEST PROCEDURE USED	NORMALIZED LOAD VALUE kg./sq. cm. (lb./sq. in.)
REMARKS:		
Technician:		Date:

## 16. FORMS

## LABORATORY NOTICE OF TEST FAILURE TO OVSC

FMVSS 213	TEST DATE:
LABORATORY:	
CONTRACT NO.:	; DELV. ORDER NO.:
LABORATORY PROJECT ENGINEER'S NAM	ΛΕ:
TEST SPECIMEN DESCRIPTION -	
MANUFACTURER:	
MODEL:	
PART NO.:	
TEST FAILURE DESCRIPTION:	
<del>-</del>	
_	
FMVSS REQUIREMENT, PARAGRAPH §	_:
NOTIFICATION TO NHTSA (COTR):	
DATE:	BY:
REMARKS.	

## 16. FORMS....Continued:

# MONTHLY TEST STATUS REPORT FMVSS 213 DATE OF REPORT: \_\_\_\_\_

GROUP NO.	MANUFACTURER AND BRAND NAME	TEST START DATE	TEST COMPLETE DATE	PASS/ FAIL	DATE FINAL REPORT SUBMITTED
001					
002					
003					
004					
005					
006					
007					
800					
009					
010					
011					
012					
013					
014					
015					
016					
017					
018					
019					
020					
021					
022					
023					
024					

## 16. FORMS....Continued:

# MONTHLY INVENTORY STATUS REPORT FMVSS 213

DATE OF REPORT:	

GROUP	MANUFACTURER'S	MODEL	NUMBER OF SPECIMENS	CONDITION	DATE DESCRIPTION
NO. 001	NAME	MODEL	RECEIVED	OF SAMPLE	RECEIVED
002					
003					
004					
005					
006					
007					
800					
009					
010					
011					
012					
013					
014					
015					
016					
017					
018					
019					
020					
021					
022					
023					
024					